Green Zone: Likely to Pass

Scoring into the Green Zone on the GED Ready® practice test- Mathematical Reasoning means that a test-taker is likely to pass the GED® test - Mathematical Reasoning. Although the test-taker’s performance on the GED Ready® practice test - Mathematical Reasoning indicates that his or her score is in a range where test-takers could normally pass this content area of the GED® test, the result only represents an indication of the test-taker’s preparedness and does not guarantee a positive result on the actual GED® test.

Test-takers who score in this zone typically show they can perform the following skills in a satisfactory way:

**Quantitative Problem Solving with Rational Numbers**

- Order fractions and decimals, including on a number line
- Apply number properties involving multiples and factors
- Simplify numerical expressions with rational exponents at a satisfactory level
- Identify absolute value of a rational number as its distance from 0 on the number line and determine the distance between two rational numbers on the number line
- Compute with rational numbers at a satisfactory level
- Compute with squares and square roots of positive, rational numbers at a satisfactory level
- Compute with cubes and cube roots of positive, rational numbers
- Determine when a numerical expression is undefined
- Solve problems involving rational numbers at a satisfactory level
- Compute unit rates at a satisfactory level
- Use scale factors to determine the magnitude of a size change and convert between actual drawings and scale drawings
- Solve multistep problems involving ratios and proportions
- Solve two-step problems involving percents at a satisfactory level

**Quantitative Problem Solving in Measurement**

- Compute the area and perimeter of triangles and rectangles at a satisfactory level
• Determine the height or side lengths of a triangle or rectangle at a satisfactory level, when given area or perimeter
• Compute the area and circumference of circles
• Determine the radius or diameter of a circle when given area or circumference
• Compute the area and perimeter of polygons
• Determine the side lengths of a polygon when given area or perimeter
• Compute the area and perimeter of composite two-dimensional figures
• Use the Pythagorean Theorem to determine unknown side lengths in a right triangle
• Compute the volume and surface area of rectangular prisms at a satisfactory level
• Solve for height or side lengths of rectangular prisms at a satisfactory level, when given volume or surface area
• Compute the volume and surface area of cylinders
• Solve for height, radius, or diameter of cylinders when given volume or surface area
• Compute the volume and surface area of right prisms
• Solve for height or side lengths of right prisms when given volume or surface area
• Compute the volume and surface area of right pyramids and cones
• Solve for side lengths, height, radius, or diameter of right pyramids and cones when given volume or surface area
• Compute the volume and surface area of spheres
• Solve for radius or diameter of spheres when given volume or surface area
• Compute the volume and surface area of composite three-dimensional figures
• Represent, display, and interpret categorical data in bar graphs or circle graphs, at a satisfactory level
• Represent, display, and interpret data involving one variable plots on the real number line including dot plots, histograms, and box plots
• Represent, display, and interpret data involving two variables in tables and the coordinate plane including scatter plots and graphs, at a satisfactory level
• Calculate the mean, median, mode, range, and weighted average, and calculate a missing data value, given the average and all the missing data values but one, at a satisfactory level
• Use counting techniques to solve problems and determine combinations and permutations
• Determine the probability of simple and compound events

**Algebraic Problem Solving with Expressions and Equations**

• Compute with and factor linear expressions
• Evaluate linear expressions at a satisfactory level
• Write linear expressions when given written descriptions, at a satisfactory level
• Compute with polynomials
• Evaluate polynomial expressions at a satisfactory level
• Factor polynomials
• Write polynomial expressions when given written descriptions
• Compute with rational expressions at a satisfactory level
• Evaluate rational expressions at a satisfactory level
• Write rational expressions when given written descriptions
• Solve one-variable linear equations at a satisfactory level
• Solve real-world problems involving linear equations at a satisfactory level
• Write one-variable and multi-variable linear equations to represent context
• Solve a system of two simultaneous linear equations and solve real-world problems leading to a system of linear equations, at a satisfactory level
• Solve one-variable linear inequalities
• Identify or graph the solution to a one variable linear inequality on a number line
• Write one-variable and multi-variable linear inequalities to represent context
• Solve real-world problems involving inequalities
• Solve quadratic equations in one variable with real solutions
• Write one-variable quadratic equations to represent context

Algebraic Problem Solving with Graphs and Functions

• Locate points in the coordinate plane at a satisfactory level
• Determine the slope of a line from a graph, equation, or table
• Interpret unit rate as the slope in a proportional relationship
• Graph two-variable linear equations on the coordinate plane
• For a function that models a linear or nonlinear relationship, sketch graphs and interpret key features of graphs and tables in terms of quantities, at a satisfactory level
• Write the equation of a line with a given slope and a given point
• Write the equation of a line passing through two given distinct points
• Use slope to identify parallel and perpendicular lines and to solve geometric problems
• Compare two different proportional relationships, each represented in different ways, at a satisfactory level
• Represent or identify a function in a table or graph as having exactly one output for each input, at a satisfactory level
• Evaluate linear and quadratic functions at a satisfactory level
• Compare two linear or quadratic functions, each represented in different ways