

Mathematics Formula Sheet & Explanation

The 2014 GED® Mathematical Reasoning test contains a formula sheet, which displays formulas relating to geometric measurement and certain algebra concepts. Formulas are provided to test-takers so that they may focus on *application*, rather than the *memorization*, of formulas.

Area of a:

square	$A = s^2$	
rectangle	A = Iw	
parallelogram	A = bh	
triangle	$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$	
trapezoid	$A = \frac{1}{2} h(b_1 + b_2)$	
circle	$A = \pi r^2$	

Perimeter of a:

square	P = 4s
rectangle	P = 2l + 2w
triangle	$P = s_1 + s_2 + s_3$
Circumference of a circle	$C = 2\pi r OR C = \pi d^{2} \pi \approx 3.14$

Surface area and volume of a:

rectangular prism	SA = 2lw + 2lh + 2wh	V = lwh
right prism	SA = ph + 2B	V = Bh
cylinder	$SA = 2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2$	$V = \pi r^2 h$
pyramid	$SA = \frac{1}{2} ps + B$	$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$
cone	$SA = \pi rs + \pi r^2$	$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$
sphere	$SA = 4\pi r^2$	$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$

(p = perimeter of base with area B; $\pi \approx 3.14$)

Data

mean	mean is equal to the total of the values of a data set, divided by the number of elements in the data set
median	median is the middle value in an odd number of ordered values of a data set, or the mean of the two middle values in an even number of ordered values in a data set

Algebra

slope of a line	$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$
slope-intercept form of the equation of a line	y = mx + b
point-slope form of the equation of a line	$y-y_1=m(x-x_1)$
standard form of a quadratic equation	$y = ax^2 + bx + c$

quadratic formula	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$	
Pythagorean theorem	$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$	

simple interest	<pre>I = Prt (I = interest, P = principal, r = rate, t = time)</pre>
distance formula	d = rt
total cost	total cost = (number of units) × (price per unit)