

### Revised 2016 GED® Test Performance Level Descriptors: Level 1 (Below Passing: 100-144)

Reasoning Through Language Arts	Mathematical Reasoning	Science	Social Studies
Test-takers who score at the Below Passing level are typically able to	Test-takers at the Below Passing level typically demonstrate the following	Test-takers at the Below Passing level typically demonstrate the following	Test-takers at the Below Passing level typically demonstrate the following skills:
comprehend and analyze <b>simple</b> passages similar to those found in L.M.	skills:	skills:	
Montgomery's Anne of Green Gables, Joy Hakim's A History of US, and Colir			Analyzing and creating text features in a social studies context
A. Ronan's "Telescopes," and generally demonstrate limited but developing proficiency with the following skills:	<ul> <li>Apply number properties involving multiples and factors at a limited and inconsistent level.</li> </ul>	Analyze scientific and technical arguments, evidence and text- based information  Cite specific textual evidence to support a finding or conclusion at a	<ul> <li>Determine the details of what is explicitly stated in primary and secondary sources and make logical inferences or valid claims based on evidence at a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> </ul>
Analyzing and creating text features and technique     Make inferences about plot/sequence of events, characters/people, settings, or ideas in texts at a limited and/or inconsistent level.     Analyze relationships within texts, including how events are important in	<ul> <li>Solve real-world problems using rational numbers at a limited and inconsistent level.</li> <li>Compute unit rates at a limited and inconsistent level.</li> </ul>	limited and/or inconsistent level  Applying scientific processes and procedural concepts	<ul> <li>Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source document, corroborating or challenging conclusions with evidence at a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> </ul>
relation to plot or conflict; how people, ideas, or events are connected, developed, or distinguished; how events contribute to theme or relate to key ideas; or how a setting or context shapes structure and meaning, a a limited and/or inconsistent level.	Quantitative problem solving in measurement  Compute the area and perimeter of triangles and rectangles at a limited	<ul> <li>Identify and refine hypotheses for scientific investigations at a limited and/or inconsistent level</li> <li>Reason from data or evidence to a conclusion at a limited and/or inconsistent level</li> <li>Identify the strength and weaknesses of one or more scientific</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>At a limited or inconsistent level, determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in context, including vocabulary that describes historical, political, social, geographic, and economic aspects of social studies.</li> <li>Distinguish between fact and opinion in a primary or secondary source</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Analyze the roles that details play in texts at a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> <li>Analyze how meaning or tone is affected when one word is replaced</li> </ul>	perimeter at a limited and inconsistent level.  Represent, display, and interpret categorical data in circle and bar graphs.	investigations (i.e. experimental or observational) designs at a limited and/or inconsistent level	document at a limited and/or inconsistent level.  Applying social studies concepts to the analysis and construction of arguments
with another at a limited and/or inconsistent level.  Analyze the structural relationship between adjacent sections of text at	Represent, display, and interpret categorical data in tables and scatter	Reasoning quantitatively and interpreting data in scientific contexts	At a limited and/or inconsistent level, cite or identify specific evidence to support inferences or analyses of primary and secondary sources, attending to the
a limited and/or inconsistent level.	piots	Describe a data set statistically at a limited and/or inconsistent level	precise details of explanations or descriptions of a process, event, or concept.
<ul> <li>Analyze transitional language and determine how it functions in a text a a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> </ul>	t Algebraic problem solving with expressions and equations  Evaluate linear expressions.	<ul> <li>Understand and explain non-textual scientific presentations at a limited and/or inconsistent level</li> </ul>	Describe people, places, environments, processes, and events, and the connections between and among them at a limited and/or inconsistent level.
Using evidence to understand, analyze, and create arguments  Comprehend explicit details and main ideas in a text at a limited and/or	<ul> <li>Write linear expressions to represent context at a limited and inconsistent level.</li> <li>Evaluate polynomial expressions at a limited and inconsistent level.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Express scientific information or findings numerically or symbolically limited and/or inconsistent level</li> <li>Express scientific information or findings visually at a limited and/or</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>At a limited and/or inconsistent level, analyze cause-and-effect relationships and multiple causation, including the importance of natural and societal processes, the individual, and the influence of ideas.</li> </ul>
inconsistent level.  Summarize details and ideas in a text at a limited and/or inconsistent	<ul> <li>Write rational expressions to represent context at a limited and inconsistent level.</li> </ul>	inconsistent level	Reasoning quantitatively and interpreting data in social studies contexts
<ul> <li>Make sentence-level inferences about details that support main ideas a a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Solve real-world problems involving linear equations at a limited and inconsistent level.</li> <li>Solve algebraic and real-world problems involving systems of</li> </ul>		Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text at a limited and/or inconsistent level.
<ul> <li>Determine which details support a main idea at a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> <li>Identify a theme, or identify which element(s) in a text support a theme</li> </ul>	equations.		<ul> <li>At a limited and/or inconsistent level, analyze information presented in a variety of maps, graphic organizers, tables, and charts; and in a variety of visual sources such as artifacts, photographs, political cartoons.</li> </ul>
at a limited and/or inconsistent level.  Applying knowledge of English language conventions and usage	Locate and plot points in the coordinate plane.     Interpret unit rate as the slope in a proportional relationship at a limited and inconsistent level.		Translate quantitative information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g. table or chart); translate information expressed visually or mathematically into words at a limited and/or inconsistent level.
<ul> <li>Edit to correct errors involving frequently confused words at a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For a linear or nonlinear relationship, sketch graphs and interpret key features of graphs and tables in terms of quantities.</li> </ul>		Interpret, use, and create graphs including proper labeling. Predict trends within a reasonable limit, based on the data, at a limited and/or inconsistent level.
<ul> <li>Edit to correct errors in straightforward subject-verb agreement at a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> <li>Edit to eliminate run-on sentences, fused sentences, or sentence fragments at a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compare two different proportional relationships, each represented in different ways, at a limited and inconsistent level.</li> <li>Represent or identify a function in a table or graph as having exactly</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Represent data on two variables (dependent and independent) on a graph; analyze and communicate how the variables are related at a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> </ul>
Edit to ensure correct use of punctuation at a limited and/or inconsisten level	one output for each input at a limited and inconsistent level.  Evaluate linear and quadratic functions at a limited and inconsistent level.		<ul> <li>Distinguish between causation and correlation at a limited and/or inconsistent level.</li> </ul>
	IEVEI.		Calculate the mean, median, mode, and range of a data set, at a limited and/or inconsistent level.

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### Revised 2016 GED® Test Performance Level Descriptors: Level 2 (Pass/High School Equivalency: 145-164)

Reasoning Through Language Arts	Mathematical Reasoning	Science	Social Studies
Test-takers who score at the Pass level are typically able to demonstrate	Test-takers who score at the Pass level are typically able to demonstrate	Test-takers who score at the Pass level are typically able to demonstrate	Test-takers who score at the Pass level are typically able to demonstrate
satisfactory proficiency with the skills identified in the Below Passing level as			
well as to comprehend and analyze <b>challenging</b> passages similar to Sandra Cisneros' "Eleven." John Steinbeck's <i>Travels With Charley: In Search of</i>	a satisfactory level as well as the following skills:	a satisfactory level as well as the following skills:	a satisfactory level as well as the following skills:
	Quantitative problem solving with rational numbers	Analyze scientific and technical arguments, evidence and text- based	Analyzing and creating text features in a social studies context
score in this Performance Level are typically able to demonstrate the following		information	Identify aspects of a historical document that reveal an author's point or
skills:	<ul> <li>Apply number properties involving multiples and factors at a satisfactory</li> </ul>	Understand and explain textual scientific presentations at a satisfactory	
	level.	level.	Compare treatments of the same social studies topic in various primary
Analyzing and creating text features and technique	<ul> <li>Simplify numerical expressions with rational exponents at a satisfactory</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Express scientific information or findings verbally at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>	and secondary sources, noting discrepancies between and among the
<ul> <li>Order sequences of events in texts at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>	level.	Determine the meaning of symbols, terms and phrases as they are	sources at a satisfactory level.
<ul> <li>Make inferences about plot/sequence of events, characters/people,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify absolute value of a rational number as its distance from 0 on</li> </ul>	used in scientific presentations at a satisfactory level.	
settings, or ideas in texts at a satisfactory level.	the number line and determine the distance between two rational	Reconcile multiple findings, conclusions, or theories at a satisfactory	Applying social studies concepts to the analysis and construction of
<ul> <li>Analyze relationships within texts, including how events are important in</li> </ul>	numbers on the number line, at a satisfactory level.	level.	arguments
relation to plot or conflict; how people, ideas, or events are connected,	Perform computations with rational numbers.		Identify the chronological structure of a historical narrative and
developed, or distinguished; how events contribute to theme or relate to key idea; or how a setting or context shapes structure and meaning.	Compute numerical expressions with squares and square roots of	Applying scientific processes and procedural concepts	sequence steps in a process at a satisfactory level.
Analyze the roles that details play in complex literary or informational	positive, rational numbers at a satisfactory level.	Make a prediction based on data or evidence at a satisfactory level.	At a satisfactory level, compare differing sets of ideas related to     political historical economic geographic or societal contexts; evaluate
texts at a satisfactory level.	Compute numerical expressions with cubes and cube roots of positive,	Identify possible sources of error and alter the design of an investigation	political, historical, economic, geographic, or societal contexts; evaluate the assumptions and implications inherent in differing positions.
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a	rational numbers.	to ameliorate that error at a satisfactory level.	Identify instances of bias or propagandizing at a satisfactory level.
text, including determining connotative and figurative meanings from	Determine when a numerical expression is undefined at a satisfactory	Identify and interpret independent and dependent variables in scientific	Analyze how a historical context shapes an author's point of view at a
context.	level.	investigations at a satisfactory level.	satisfactory level.
Analyze how meaning or tone is affected when one word is replaced	<ul> <li>Solve real-world problems using rational numbers at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand and apply scientific models, theories and processes at a</li> </ul>	Satisfactory level.
with another, at a satisfactory level.	Compute unit rates at a satisfactory level.	satisfactory level.	
Analyze the impact of specific words, phrases, or figurative language in	<ul> <li>Use scale factors to determine the magnitude of a size change, and</li> </ul>	Design a scientific investigation at a satisfactory level.	
text, with a focus on an author's intent to convey information or	convert between actual drawings and scale drawings.	Evaluate whether a conclusion or theory is supported or challenged by	
construct an argument.	Solve arithmetic and real-world problems involving ratios and	particular data or evidence at a satisfactory level.	
Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits	proportions a satisfactory level.	Reasoning quantitatively and interpreting data in scientific contexts	
into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of	Solve multi-step arithmetic and real-world problems involving percents.	Apply formulas from scientific theories at a satisfactory level.	
ideas.		Determine the probability of events at a satisfactory level.	
Analyze the structural relationship between adjacent sections of text at		, ,	
a satisfactory level.	Compute the area and perimeter of triangles and rectangles at a	<ul> <li>Use counting and permutations to solve scientific problems at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Analyze transitional language or signal words and determine how they refine meaning, emphasize certain ideas, or reinforce an author's</li> </ul>	satisfactory level.	Satisfactory fever.	
purpose, at a satisfactory level.	Determine side lengths of triangles and rectangles when given area or     determine side lengths of triangles and rectangles when given area or		
<ul> <li>Analyze how the structure of a paragraph, section, or passage shapes</li> </ul>	perimeter at a satisfactory level.		
meaning, emphasizes key ideas, or supports an author's purpose.	Compute the area and circumference of circles.		
Determine an author's point of view or purpose in texts, at a satisfactory	<ul> <li>Determine the radius and diameter of circles when given area or circumference.</li> </ul>		
level.			
<ul> <li>Infer an author's implicit as well as explicit purposes based on details in</li> </ul>	Compute the area and perimeter of polygons.  Paterniae side learths of release when size area are relieved as a size area.		
a text, at a satisfactory level.	Determine side lengths of polygons when given area of perimeter.		
Analyze how an author uses rhetorical techniques to advance his or her	Compute the area and perimeter of composite figures.		
point of view or achieve a specific purpose.	<ul> <li>Use the Pythagorean theorem to determine unknown side lengths in a right triangle at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>		
	Compute volume and surface area of rectangular prisms.		
	Determine side lengths and height of rectangular prisms when given		
	volume or surface area.		
(continued on following page)	Compute volume and surface area of cylinders at a satisfactory level.		
	(continued on following page)		

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# Revised 2016 GED® Test Performance Level Descriptors: Level 2 (Pass/High School Equivalency: 145-164)

Reasoning Through Language Arts	Mathematical Reasoning	Science	Social Studies
(continued from previous page)	(continued from previous page)	N/A – see above	N/A – see above
Using evidence to understand, analyze, and create arguments  Comprehend explicit details and main ideas in a text at a satisfactory level.  Summarize details and ideas in text at a satisfactory level.  Make sentence-level inferences about details that support main ideas at a satisfactory level.  Infer implied main ideas in paragraphs and whole texts at a satisfactory level.	Compute volume and surface area of right pyramids and cones.		
<ul> <li>Determine which details support a main idea at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Identify a theme, or identify which element(s) in a text support a theme at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Make evidence-based generalizations or hypotheses based on details</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compute volume and surface area of spheres.</li> <li>Determine radius and diameter of spheres when given volume or surface area.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>in text, including clarifications, extensions, or applications of main ideas to new situations, at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Draw conclusions or make generalizations that require synthesis of multiple main ideas at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compute volume and surface area of composite figures at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Represent, display, and interpret categorical data in dot plots, histograms, and box plots.</li> <li>Calculate the median, mode, and weighted average, and calculate a</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Identify specific pieces of evidence an author uses in support of claims or conclusions at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Evaluate the relevance and sufficiency of evidence offered in support of a claim at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>	missing data value, given the average and all the missing data values but one.		
<ul> <li>Applying knowledge of English language conventions and usage</li> <li>Edit to correct errors involving frequently confused words at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Edit to correct errors in pronoun usage at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Edit to eliminate dangling or misplaced modifiers or illogical word order at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Edit to correct errors in subject-verb or pronoun-antecedent agreement in more complicated situations at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Edit to eliminate wordiness or awkward sentence construction at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Edit to ensure effective use of transitional words, conjunctive adverbs, and other words and phrases that support logic and clarity, at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Edit to ensure correct use of capitalization at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Edit to eliminate run-on sentences, fused sentences, or sentence fragments at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Edit to ensure correct use of apostrophes with possessive nouns at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Edit to ensure correct use of punctuation at a satisfactory level.</li> <li>Edit to ensure correct use of punctuation at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>	Algebraic problem solving with expressions and equations Compute with linear expressions. Write linear expressions to represent context at a satisfactory level. Compute with polynomials at a satisfactory level. Evaluate polynomial expressions at a satisfactory level. Factor polynomial expressions at a satisfactory level. Write polynomial expressions to represent context. Evaluate rational expressions. Write rational expressions. Write rational expressions to represent context at a satisfactory level. Solve linear equations in one variable. Solve real-world problems involving linear equations at a satisfactory level. Write linear equations to represent context. Solve linear inequalities in one variable at a satisfactory level. Identify or graph the solution to a one variable linear inequality on a number line. Solve real-world problems involving inequalities at a satisfactory level. Write linear equations to represent context at a satisfactory level. Write linear equations to represent context at a satisfactory level. Write linear equations to represent context at a satisfactory level. Write quadratic equations in one variable at a satisfactory level. Write quadratic equations to represent context. (continued on following page)		

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# Revised 2016 GED® Test Performance Level Descriptors: Level 2 (Pass/High School Equivalency: 145-164)

Reasoning Through Language Arts	Mathematical Reasoning	Science	Social Studies
N/A – see above	(continued from previous page)	N/A – see above	N/A – see above
	Algebraic problem solving with graphs and functions		
	Determine the slope of a line from a graph, equation, or table at a		
	satisfactory level.		
	<ul> <li>Interpret unit rate as the slope in a proportional relationship at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>		
	Graph two-variable linear equations at a satisfactory level.		
	<ul> <li>Write the equation of a line with a given slope through a given point at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>		
	Write the equation of a line passing through two given distinct points.		
	<ul> <li>Use slope to identify parallel and perpendicular lines and to solve geometric problems at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Compare two different proportional relationships, each represented in different ways, at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Represent or identify a function in a table or graph as having exactly one output for each input at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>		
	Evaluate linear and quadratic functions at a satisfactory level.		
	<ul> <li>Compare two different linear or quadratic functions, each represented in different ways, at a satisfactory level.</li> </ul>		

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#### Revised 2016 GED® Test Performance Level Descriptors: Level 3 (Pass+: 165-174)

Reasoning Through Language Arts	Mathematical Reasoning	Science	Social Studies
Test-takers who score at the GED® College Ready level are typically able to	Test-takers who score at the GED® College Ready level are generally able to	Test-takers who score at the GED® College Ready level are generally able to	Test-takers who score at the GED® College Ready level are generally able t
nalyze complex passages similar to Chinua Achebe's <i>Things Fall Apart</i> ,	demonstrate knowledge of and ability with the skills identified in the <u>Below</u>	demonstrate knowledge of and ability with the skills identified in the Below	demonstrate knowledge of and ability with the skills identified in the Below
Martin Luther King Jr.'s "Letter from Birmingham Jail," and Euclid's <i>Elements</i> ,	Passing and the Pass levels, as well as the following skills:	Passing and the Pass levels, as well as the following skills:	Passing and the Pass levels, as well as the following skills:
s well as demonstrating strong abilities in the skills identified in the Below Passing and Pass levels, including the following:	Quantitative problem solving with rational numbers	Analyze scientific and technical arguments, evidence and text- based	
assing and Fass levels, including the following.	,	information	
Analyzing and creating text features and technique	Simplify numerical expressions with rational exponents at a strong level.	Reconcile multiple findings, conclusions, or theories at a strong level.	Analyzing and creating text features in a social studies context
<ul> <li>Analyze the impact of specific words, phrases, or figurative language in</li> </ul>	Identify absolute value of a rational number as its distance from 0 on	1 toosione manage, seriolatione, or the shoe at a citety level.	Determine how authors reveal their points of view or purposes in
texts, with a focus on an author's intent to convey information or	the number line and determine the distance between two rational numbers on the number line, at a strong level.	Applying scientific processes and procedural concepts	historical documents at a strong level.
construct an argument, at a strong level.	, ,	Apply formulas from scientific theories at a strong level.	Compare treatments of the same social studies topic in various primar
Analyze how the structure of a paragraph, section, or passage shapes	<ul> <li>Compute numerical expressions with squares and square roots of positive, rational numbers at a strong level.</li> </ul>	Identify possible sources of error and alter the design of an	and secondary sources, noting discrepancies between and among the
meaning, emphasizes key ideas, or supports an author's purpose, at a	, ,	investigation to ameliorate that error at a strong level.	sources at a strong level.
strong level.	Determine when a numerical expression is undefined at a strong level.		Applying social studies concepts to the analysis and construction of
<ul> <li>Determine an author's point of view or purpose in texts, at a strong</li> </ul>	Solve arithmetic and real-world problems involving ratios and	Make a prediction based on data or evidence at a strong level.	arguments
level.	proportions a strong level.	Design a scientific investigation at a strong level.	Identify the chronological structure of a historical narrative and
<ul> <li>Analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of</li> </ul>	Solve arithmetic and real-world problems involving ratios and	Understand and apply scientific models, theories and processes at a	sequence steps in a process at a strong level.
others or how an author acknowledges and responds to conflicting	proportions at a strong level.	strong level.	At a strong level, analyze cause-and-effect relationships and multiple
evidence or viewpoints, at a strong level.	Quantitative problem solving in measurement	Evaluate whether a conclusion or theory is supported or challenged by	oddoddon, moldding the impertance of natural and cooleta proceedes,
<ul> <li>Draw specific comparisons between two texts that address similar</li> </ul>		particular data or evidence at a strong level.	the individual, and the influence of ideas.
themes or topics or between information presented in different formats,	right triangle at a strong level.	Reasoning quantitatively and interpreting data in scientific contexts  Determine probability of events at a strong level.	<ul> <li>At a strong level, compare differing sets of ideas related to political,</li> </ul>
at a strong level.	<ul> <li>Compute volume and surface area of cylinders at a strong level.</li> </ul>	Determine probability of events at a strong level.	historical, economic, geographic, or societal contexts; evaluate the
Letter and the control of an element of the control	,		assumptions and implications inherent in differing positions at a strong
Jsing evidence to understand, analyze, and create arguments	<ul> <li>Determine radius, diameter, and height of cylinders, when given volume or surface area, at a strong level.</li> </ul>		level.
Make evidence-based generalizations or hypotheses based on details	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Analyze how a historical context shapes an author's point of view at a
in text, including clarifications, extensions, or applications of main ideas to new situations, at a strong level.	<ul> <li>Compute volume and surface area of composite figures at a strong level.</li> </ul>		strong level.  Reasoning quantitatively and interpreting data in social studies context
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<ul> <li>Delineate the specific steps of an argument the author puts forward, including how the argument's claims build on one another, at a strong</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use counting techniques to solve problems and determine combinations and permutations at a strong level.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text at a strong level.</li> </ul>
level.	, ,		
<ul> <li>Compare two passages that present related ideas or themes in different</li> </ul>	Determine the probability of simple and compound events at a strong level.		Represent data on two variables (dependent and independent) on a graph; analyze and communicate how the variables are related at a
genres or formats in order to evaluate differences in scope, purpose,	level.		strong level.
emphasis, intended audience, or overall impact, at a strong level.	Algebraic problem solving with expressions and equations		
<ul> <li>Identify specific pieces of evidence an author uses in support of claims</li> </ul>			Distinguish between correlation and causation at a strong level.
or conclusions, at a strong level.	Factor polynomial expressions at a strong level.		
<ul> <li>Evaluate the relevance and sufficiency of evidence offered in support of</li> </ul>			
a claim, at a strong level.	The state of the s		
Distinguish claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from	Solve linear inequalities in one variable at a strong level.		
claims that are not, at a strong level.	<ul> <li>Solve real-world problems involving inequalities at a strong level.</li> </ul>		
Assess whether reasoning is valid; identify fallacious reasoning in an	<ul> <li>Write linear inequalities to represent context at a strong level.</li> </ul>		
argument and evaluate its impact, at a strong level.	<ul> <li>Solve quadratic equations in one variable at a strong level.</li> </ul>		
Identify an underlying premise or assumption in an argument and			
evaluate the support, at a strong level.			
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## Revised 2016 GED® Test Performance Level Descriptors: Level 3 (Pass+: 165-174)

Reasoning Through Language Arts	Mathematical Reasoning	Science	Social Studies
(continued from previous page)	(continued from previous page)	N/A – see above	N/A – see above
Applying knowledge of English language conventions and usage  Edit to eliminate non-standard or informal usage, at a strong level.  Edit to ensure parallelism and proper subordination and coordination, at a strong level.  Edit to eliminate wordiness or awkward sentence construction, at a strong level.  Edit to ensure correct use of apostrophes with possessive nouns, at a strong level.	<ul> <li>Algebraic problem solving with graphs and functions</li> <li>Determine the slope of a line from a graph, equation, or table at an outstanding level.</li> <li>Graph two-variable linear equations at an outstanding level.</li> <li>Write the equation of a line with a given slope through a given point at an outstanding level.</li> <li>Use slope to identify parallel and perpendicular lines and to solve geometric problems at an outstanding level.</li> <li>Compare two different linear or quadratic functions, each represented in different ways, at an outstanding level.</li> </ul>		

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### Revised 2016 GED® Test Performance Level Descriptors: Level 4 (Pass++: 175-200)

Reasoning Through Language Arts	Mathematical Reasoning	Science	Social Studies
Test-takers who score at the GED® College Ready + Credit level are typically	Test-takers who score at the GED® College Ready + Credit level are generally		yTest-takers who score at the GED® College Ready + Credit level are generally
able to comprehend and analyze complex passages similar to that of Toni	able to demonstrate knowledge of and ability with the skills identified in the	able to demonstrate knowledge of and ability with the skills identified in the	able to demonstrate knowledge of and ability with the skills identified in the
Morrison's The Bluest Eye, Thomas Jefferson's The Declaration of Independence, and Malcolm Gladwell's The Tipping Point: How Little Things	previous performance levels as well as the following skills:	previous performance levels as well as the following skills:	previous performance levels as well as the following skills:
Can Make a Big Difference and generally demonstrate outstanding proficiency	Quantitative problem solving in measurement	Analyze scientific and technical arguments, evidence and text- based	Analyzing and creating text features in a social studies context
with the skills identified in the previous performance levels as well as the	Compute volume and surface area of composite figures at an	information	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary
following skills:	outstanding level.	Reconcile multiple findings, conclusions, or theories at an outstanding	source document, corroborating or challenging conclusions with
	Use counting techniques to solve problems and determine	level.	evidence at an outstanding level.
Analyzing and creating text features and technique	combinations and permutations at an outstanding level.	10101.	Compare treatments of the same social studies topic in various primary
<ul> <li>Infer relationships between ideas in a text (e.g., an implicit cause and</li> </ul>	Determine the probability of simple and compound events at an	Applying scientific processes and procedural concepts	and secondary sources, noting discrepancies between and among the
effect, parallel, or contrasting relationship) at an outstanding level.	outstanding level.	Design a scientific investigation at an outstanding level.	sources at an outstanding level.
• Infer an author's implicit as well as explicit purposes based on details in	outstanding level.	<ul> <li>Evaluate whether a conclusion or theory is supported or challenged by</li> </ul>	
text at an outstanding level.	Algebraic problem solving with expressions and equations	particular data or evidence at an outstanding level.	Applying social studies concepts to the analysis and construction of
Draw specific comparisons between two texts that address similar	Write linear inequalities to represent context at an outstanding level.	Understand and apply scientific models, theories and processes at an	arguments
themes or topics or between information presented in different formats	Solve quadratic equations in one variable at an outstanding level.	outstanding level.	<ul> <li>At an outstanding level, analyze cause-and-effect relationships and</li> </ul>
at an outstanding level.	Solve quadratic equations in one variable at an outstanding level.	outstanding level.	multiple causation, including the importance of natural and societal
Compare two passages in similar or closely related genres that share	Algebraic problem solving with graphs and functions	Reasoning quantitatively and interpreting data in scientific contexts	processes, the individual, and the influence of ideas.
ideas or themes, focusing on similarities and/or differences in	Granh two variable linear equations at an outstanding level	<ul> <li>Determine probability of events at an outstanding level.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>At an outstanding level, compare differing sets of ideas related to</li> </ul>
perspective, tone, style, structure, purpose, or impact at an outstanding	Use slope to identify parallel and perpendicular lines and to solve		political, historical, economic, geographic, or societal contexts; evaluate
level.	geometric problems at an outstanding level.		the assumptions and implications inherent in differing positions.
Using evidence to understand, analyze, and create arguments	Compare two different linear or quadratic functions, each represented in		Analyze how a historical context shapes an author's point of view at an
	different ways, at an outstanding level.		outstanding level.
• Infer implied main ideas in paragraphs or whole texts at an outstanding level.	amorone ways, at an oatstanding lovel.		Reasoning quantitatively and interpreting data in social studies contexts
Analyze how data or quantitative and/or visual information extends, clarifies, or contradicts information in text, or determine how data			<ul> <li>Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text at an outstanding level.</li> </ul>
supports an author's argument, at an outstanding level.			, , , ,
Identify an underlying premise or assumption in an argument and			<ul> <li>Translate quantitative information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., table or chart); translate information expressed</li> </ul>
evaluate the logical support and evidence provided, at an outstanding			visually or mathematically into words at an outstanding level.
level.			violarly of mathematically into words at an outstanding level.
Compare two argumentative passages on the same topic that present			
opposing claims (either main or supporting claims) and analyze how			
each text emphasizes different evidence or advances a different			
interpretation of facts, at an outstanding level.			
· ·			
Applying knowledge of English language conventions and usage			
Edit to correct errors in subject-verb or pronoun antecedent agreement			
in more complicated situations (e.g., with compound subjects,			
interceding phrases, or collective nouns) at an outstanding level.			
Edit to eliminate wordiness or awkward sentence construction at an			
outstanding level.			

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